NINETY-FIFTH YEAR.

ST. LOUIS, MO., SUNDAY, MAY 3, 1903.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

# CROWD LISTENING TO BAND CONCERT FOLLOWING ARRIVAL OF THE PRESIDENT AT THE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.



During the interval between the end of the ceremonies in the Liberal Arts Building, Thursday, and the beginning of the fireworks the visitors were entertained by selections by the Marine Band, which was stationed on the second terrace of the main building.

## MILES CENSURED BY ARMY PAPERS.

The Register Deplores His Expressions on the Atrocities in the Philippines.

### SAYS IT WAS A BIG MISTAKE.

The Journal Blames Him for "Catching Up and Circulating Gossip He Hears in Enemy's Country."

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, May 2-The "Army and Navy Register," in to-day's issue, commenting on General Miles's report regarding alleged atrocities in the Philippines

"We do not believe that General Miles wished to contribute to the ammunition of the critics of the army, or that he realized he was alding the cause of the so-called anti-Imperialists, but the publicity which has attended his report has that unfortunate result.

"We have believed that General Miles had just cause for complaint on account of some injustice of which he has been the object during the past few years, but his warmest friends and admirers, among whom the Register would class itself, must deeply deplore the state of mind and form of expression with which the Lieutenant General commanding has dealt with this subject.

"It was a mistake to have touched on the matter in this official way, unless something more definite could be given than has been vouchsafed by General Miles. His report will only serve to renew an unpleasant, not to say unseemly, discussion, and it is to be regretted that General Miles, among the last acts of a brilliant career, should have been betrayed into such an expres-

CENSURES GENERAL MILES.

The Army and Navy Journal, likewise, censures General Miles for his "atrocity" report. It says:
"It is difficult to understand what reasons to the that should commend themselves to the judgment of the soldier can have prompted Lieutenant General Miles to make a special

report concerning his observations in the Philippines which we give elsewhere. "To catch up and circulate to the discredit of the army he commands the gossip he hears in traveling through the enemy's country is hardly the office of the Lieuten-ant General. If he hoped to accomplish, or intended to accomplish, anything in the way of correcting abuses he should have presented something more conclusive by way of evidence than the expression of his

moral conviction that such abuses existed.

The army officer has the right equally with others to be brought face to face with his accusers to question them in open of and to give what answer he can to their "This is the rule of the grmy: this is the course that has been pursued in the Phil-ippines and it is not the duty of the Lieutenant General, nor is it his right to ques-tien in this irregular manner the decisions in specific cases of his subordinates, who with equal capacity to judge of the facts,

### FAIR AND COOLER TO-DAY. Threatened Rain Will Pass to the

have been in a far better position than is to leagh what the facts are."

Northwest. The weather forecast for St. Louis and vicinity to-day is fair and cooler. The southerly wind, which gave an indieation of rain last night, will change to est or northwest, bringing clear skies and

### LOCAL ARTILLERYMEN PASSING VARIED INDUSTRIES BUILDING AFTER REVIEW BY PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.



Battery "A," National Guard of Missouri, whose members excited favorable comment in Thursday's parade by their soldierly bearing.

#### CHARGES AGAINST FORMER POSTMASTER GENERAL SMITH.

He Will Make Written Reply to Payn -Declares They Are Reiterations of Old Accusations Which Were Disproved.

Philadelphia, May 2.-Former Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith received to-day a letter from Postmaster General Payne calling attention to the charges made by Seymour W. Tulloch, formerly cashler of the Washington Post Office. Postmaster

a statement concerning the matters men-tioned by Tulloch. Mr. Smith will do this and will probably send his reply to the Postmaster General early next week. In discussing the matter to-day, Mr. Smith

"The charges made by Mr. Tulloch are simply a reiteration of those brought by him about three years ago and printed at that time in fell in the Washington Post. They relate entirely to the Washington post office, and were fully investigated at that time, as I recall it, by the Comptroller of the Treasury Department. All the vouchers for the Washington post office, and I

General Payne invited Mr. Smith to make I think he disallowed accounts for one-quarter, aggregate only about \$932. The whole question was concerning from which appropriation the money should have been

taken to meet the expenditures. "The only question, to the best of my recollection, that arose during my tenure of office was regarding the manner of making certain appointments. It was during the Spanish War. The army was away and, in order to forward mail to troops, it was necessary to detail clerks from other offices, These were carried on the Washington pay rolls. The situation was an emergency; one

that had to be met. "If my recollection is right, the Compthese. It was done and, when the emer-gency situation was made plain, the matter was adjusted satisfactorily. Subsequently the matter was discussed in Cabinet with President McKinley and my course was ap-

### ARKANSAS COMMISSIONER COMMENDS EXPOSITION.

Among the distinguished guests who witnessed the grand parade yesterday were Henorable B. F. Fly, the first named Com-

troller of the Treasury asked me to explain missioner from Arkansus and his friends, these. It was done and, when the emer-Fly, who is an old newspaper man of Texas, St. Louis and Chicago, has done much to arouse enthusiasm in Arkansas for the Louisiana Purchase Exposition and to much

of his individual effort will be due the dis-play Arkansas will make at the approaching Exposition.
"I have attended the opening exercises at Chicago, San Francisco, Nashville and Buffato," said Commissioner Fly, "but I have never seen such enthusiasm as has been shown since these festivities began. That of itself convinces me that the St. Louis World's Fair is going to beat anything the

world ever saw.'

## BRIDAL PARTY WERE STOPPED AT ALTAR

Episcopal Minister Declined to Perform the Ceremony After Reading the License.

### BRIDEGROOM A DIVORCED MAN.

Embarassing Situation in Fashionable New York Church - Wedding Took Place Later at Another Clergyman's Home.

Hartford, Conn., May 2-With the bridal party approaching the chancel of the church filled with fashionable people, the Reverend Doctor James J. Goodwin of Christ Episcopal Church refused to perform the ceremony and dismissed the guests, be-cause in reading the marriage license he found the bridegroom had been divorced ten years previously,

The wedding was to have been that of A. Lincoln Chase, manager of a department store here, and Miss Gladys A. G. Geer, daughter of one of the oldest residents of Hartford.

Mr. Chase and Miss Geer had started down the center aisle, when, suddenly at the rector's call, the party stopped within a few feet of the chancel rail. After a hurried consultation, Mr. Chase and Miss Geer, much embarrassed, turned and hurried out of the church.

Advancing to the altar, Doctor Goodwin

"Friends, the wedding has been post-

This was all the explanation he made. Later Doctor Goodwin said: "The laws of the Episcopal Church furbid me to marry a. divorced person. I did not know the circumstances until I read the license while I was in the church ready to perform the ceremony, I am sorry to have caused the party any embarrassment, but I could not

act otherwise." Miss Geer and Doctor Chase, after leaving the church, were driven to the home of the Reverend H. H. Kelsey and were mar-

## BREAKFAST TO THE GOVERNORS

Entertained at University Club by World's Fair Committee.

A breakfast was tendered the Governors of the different States at the University Club yesterday morning by the World's Fair Committee on States and Territories. All the chief executives, thirteen in number, who were still in town, were present at the function.

They were A. M. Dockery, of Missouri; B. B. Odell, Jr., of New York; James Ed-wards, of Virginia; S. L. Van Sant, of Min-nesotn; John P. Morrison of Idaho; Frank White, of North Dakota; John F. Hill, of Maine; A. H. Longino, of Mississippi; W. M. Wells, of Utah John M. Mickey, of Nebraska; A. Chamberlain, of Connecticut; Albert B. Cummins, of Iowa, and W. M.

Aftert B. Cummins, of Iowa, and W. M. Heard, of Louisians.

The address of welcome was made by President Francis and received with enthusiasm by all the gentlemen.

There was a feeling of the utmost good will shown toward the management and all trace of any momentary displeasure in regard to the unintentifund neglect in some quarters at the time of arrival had disappared.

quarters at the time of arrival had be peared.

In reply to President Francis, each of the Governors asserted that if the treatment accorded them during the Dedication could be taken as a criterion for the way in which the visitors during the Fair would be welcomed, success was assured in 1904.

They further stated that when they returned to their several States they would do alt in their power both in an official and personal way to make the Fair a grand measures.